

Beef Stuffer R400 T128

Type of Feed: Supplement

Form of Feed: Pellet

General Description:

Beef Stuffer is designed to be mixed with whole shelled corn to provide finishing beef or dairy beef cattle (600 to market) with additional protein, mineral and vitamins needed to optimize growth and performance.

**LAND O LAKES®
BEEF STUFFER
R400 T128**

MEDICATED
(For Ruminants Only)

FOR GROWING AND FINISHING CATTLE

For improved feed efficiency. For reduction of liver abscesses caused by *Fusobacterium necrophorum* and *Actinomyces pyogenes*.

CAUTION: FEED AS DIRECTED

ACTIVE DRUG INGREDIENT

Monensin..... 400 g/ton
Tylosin Phosphate..... 128 g/ton

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

Crude Protein, Not less than..... **45.0 %**
(This includes not more than 25.0% equivalent crude protein from non-protein nitrogen.)
Crude Fat, Not less than..... **2.0 %**
Crude Fiber, Not more than..... **12.0 %**
Calcium (Ca), Not less than..... **8.0 %**
Calcium (Ca), Not more than..... **9.0 %**
Phosphorus (P), Not less than..... **0.5 %**
Salt (NaCl), Not less than..... **3.5 %**
Salt (NaCl), Not more than..... **4.5 %**
Magnesium (Mg), Not less than..... **0.8 %**
Potassium (K), Not less than..... **4.0 %**
Copper (Cu), ppm, Not less than..... **190**
Selenium (Se), ppm, Not less than..... **4.1**
Zinc (Zn), ppm, Not less than..... **650**
Vitamin A, I.U./lb, Not less than..... **40,000**
Vitamin D₃, I.U./lb, Not less than..... **10,000**
Vitamin E, I.U./lb, Not less than..... **50**

FEEDING DIRECTIONS

Estimate average daily intake of air dry feed (90% dry matter) prior to mixing and feeding so that the specified feed additive levels are consumed. Thoroughly mix 6.25% of this product with non-medicated feed to provide 25 grams of monensin and 8 grams of tylosin per ton of finished feed.

Feed mixed ration continuously so that each animal consumes not less than 187 mg of monensin and 60 mg of tylosin nor more than 280 mg of monensin and 90 mg of tylosin. Each pound of this product contains 200 mg of monensin and 64 mg of tylosin.

Provide adequate bunk space for each animal. Bunks should be well protected and well managed to prevent accumulation of fines, wet and moldy feed. When making a ration change, allow at least 5 days for animals to adjust to the new ration. In groups of cattle there are certain animals which can experience digestive disturbances from overeating feed. Weather changes, enterotoxemia and poor feeding practices can all result in erratic feed consumption and can increase the incidence of digestive problems. Always follow directions and good animal health and feeding practices. Provide clean, fresh water at all times.

INGREDIENTS

Plant Protein Products, Processed Grain By-Products, Roughage Products (not more than 40%), Forage Products, Dried Bakery By-Products, Molasses Products, Animal Fat, Animal Protein Products, Grain Products, Yeast Culture, Monocalcium/Dicalcium Phosphate, Magnesium Oxide, Urea, Potassium Chloride, Zinc Sulfate, Manganese Sulfate, Basic Copper Chloride, Cobalt Carbonate, Sodium Selenite, Mineral Oil, Salt, Calcium Lignin Sulfonate, Ethylenediamine Dihydriodide, Vitamin A Supplement, Vitamin D₃ Supplement, Vitamin E Supplement

CAUTION

Do not allow horses or other equines access to formulations containing monensin. Ingestion of monensin by equines has been fatal. Monensin medicated cattle feed is safe for use in cattle only. Consumption by unapproved species may result in toxic reactions. Do not feed to lactating dairy cows. Do not exceed the levels of monensin recommended in the feeding directions, as reduced average daily gains may result. Feeding undiluted or mixing errors resulting in high concentrations of monensin could be fatal to cattle. Do not feed undiluted.

Product Features:**Product Benefits:**

45% Protein, 25% maximum from NPN	Natural protein (from vegetable and approved animal sources) and NPN to meet protein requirements and maximize animal performance with economical cost of gain
By-pass (escape) protein	Maximizes growth rate and improves efficiency
Adequate calcium and phosphorus	Balances high-grain rations; helps prevent water belly (urinary calculi)
Added potassium and salt	Improved feed and water intakes; improve feedlot performance; helps minimize tissue shrink during transportation
Diamond Vs “XP” yeast culture	Improved rumen function: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Increased population of important rumen bacteria ▪ Increased VFA production ▪ Improved nitrogen utilization
100% vitamin and trace mineral fortified	No need to feed extra mineral supplements to meet requirements; fortified to maximize performance and minimize health problems
Pelleted	Designed to be used with whole shelled corn programs
Provides some built in roughage	Easy to use in self-feeders; reduces “stall-out” often seen in cattle on whole-shelled corn & pellets

Usage Tips

Beef Stuffer R400 T128 contains bypass (escape or rumen undegradable) proteins designed to maximize the performance of high growth potential calves. Its NPN level makes it ideally suited for high-grain diets. Beef Stuffer R400 T128 is designed to be mixed with whole shelled corn. Small amounts of dry roughage (1 to 2 lb/head/day) may be fed. If this supplement is used with coarse cracked corn, dry roughage should be provided at no less than 2 lb per head daily.

For animals weighing over 600 lb, this supplement should be mixed at 6.25% with whole shelled corn to provide a mixed ration containing 25 g Rumensin and 8 g Tylan per ton. Target intake of Beef Stuffer R400 T128 is 0.94 to 1.4 lb per head daily (15 to 22.4 lb mixed feed per head).

The ideal corn to be fed whole contains 13 to 15% moisture and the kernels are wide and flat. Corn that contains more than 20% long, slender kernels or round kernels should be coarsely cracked (40% whole, 60% cracked into 2 or 3 pieces). Likewise, corn that is dryer than 13% moisture should be coarsely cracked.

Non-legume roughages are recommended to reduce the incidence of bloat. If cattle start to bloat, switch cattle to non-legume hay and/or reduce the amount of fines by cleaning the feed trough or changing the source of corn. If problems persist, contact your feed representative for further assistance.

Cattle accustomed to a high-grain ration, such as those that have been fed whole shelled corn and Dairy Beef Feedlot Grower, can be transitioned easily to rations containing Beef Stuffer R400 T128. Cattle with an unknown feeding history should be stepped up on grain over a 2 to 3 week period, gradually reducing the amount of forage fed.

Key Points

1. This pelleted supplement is suitable to be mixed at 6.25% with whole shelled corn.
2. Dry hay fed at 1-2 lb or silage fed at 5 lb per head per day will reduce the incidence of digestive upset (acidosis).
3. When fed as directed, the ration will meet the requirement for vitamins and minerals needed by large-framed cattle.